

# Energy-Aware Computing Systems

*Energiebewusste Rechensysteme*

## X. Infrastructure

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Preface and Terminology

Linking (with) the Physical World

- Dependencies and Impact

- Considerations and Metrics

Infrastructure

- Temperature-Aware Workload Placement

- Building Operating System Services (BOSS)

- Runtime System for Heterogeneous HPC Clusters

Excursion and Uncharted Lecture next Wednesday

Summary



# Infrastructure

## ■ motivation

- indirect resource demand → costs
- „many a little makes a mickle”

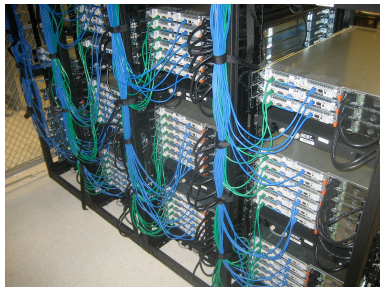
## ■ operational goals

- identify necessary operating conditions
- ...but invest reasonable efforts, only



# Dependencies and Impact

- dependency on external factors
  - device (e.g., power supplies)
    - *moving parts* (e.g., fans)
    - kinetic energy (e.g., heat)
  - physical properties (ambient air)
  - not all environmental conditions can be controlled
- impact on external systems
  - control resource demand
    - temporal delay
    - workload (re)positioning
  - control types
    - implicit: activation of additional resources
    - explicit: system control



- common infrastructure considerations
  - power demand of computing systems → secondary energy (i.e., heat)
  - heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) **required**
    - ↪ especially heat distribution
- common metric: power usage effectiveness (PUE)
  - $PUE := \text{total energy demand} / \text{energy demand of computing systems}$
  - total energy demand includes infrastructure, HVAC etc.
  - perfect system:  $PUE \leq 1.0$ 
    - ↪ electricity generation
- PUE refinements
  - mixed use of renewable and non-renewable energy
  - reuse of secondary energy
  - various additions and alternatives
    - Green Energy Coefficient (GEC)
    - Energy Reuse Factor (ERF)
    - Carbon Usage Effectiveness (CUE)



## ■ Motivation

- reduce cooling costs in data centers
- workload placement → hot spots and cold spots in data centers
- cf. thermal-aware task scheduling [2], Lecture 7

## ■ Temperature-Aware Workload Placement [5]

- temperature-aware workload placement algorithms
- reduce cooling costs over the worst-case placement by almost 50 %

► J. Moore et al.

### **Making Scheduling "Cool":**

### **Temperature-Aware Workload Placement in Data Centers**

*Proceedings of the USENIX Annual Technical Conference (ATC '05), 2005.*



# Building Operating System Services (BOSS)

## ■ Motivation

- energy demand of buildings: 73 % (2011) in the US (data centers: 3 %)
- reduce costs of commercial buildings using operating systems for buildings
- cf. occupancy-driven energy management [1], Lecture 6

## ■ Building Operating System Services (BOSS) [3]

- distributed operating system plus services
- query language and control infrastructure

► S. Dawson-Haggerty et al.

### **BOSS: Building Operating System Services**

*Proceedings of the 10th USENIX Conference on Networked Systems Design and Implementation (NSDI '13), 2013.*



- Motivation
  - variable power pricing becomes increasingly common
  - exploit dynamic pricing to reduce operating costs of HPC systems
- Runtime System for Heterogeneous HPC Clusters (Albatross) [4]
  - implement different operation modes for varying electricity pricing
  - use heterogeneous compute components to execute workloads

► T. Höning et al.

**How to Make Profit:  
Exploiting Fluctuating Electricity Prices with  
Albatross, A Runtime System for Heterogeneous  
HPC Clusters**

*Proceedings of the 8th International Workshop on  
Runtime and Operating Systems for Supercomputers  
(ROSS 2018), 2018.*





- considerations on **infrastructure** are necessary during design and operation of energy-aware systems
- **metrics** help to analyse the efficiency → use different metrics depending on **actual systems** and **infrastructure**
- **exploit external factors** for **own advantage** at system level
- Excursion to Nokia Networks and Uncharted Lecture by Ralph Schlenk (Nokia) on **energy-efficient optical networks**
  - Date: Wednesday, 17. July 2019
  - Meeting point (Erlangen):  
RRZE/in front of Aquarium (0.031-113)  
meeting at 8:15 a.m. (s.t.), transfer to Nokia by car
  - Meeting point (Nürnberg):  
Nokia Networks, Thurn-und-Taxis-Straße 10/2, 90411 Nürnberg  
meeting at 9:00 a.m. (s.t.)



# Reference List I

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- [1] AGARWAL, Y. ; BALAJI, B. ; GUPTA, R. ; LYLES, J. ; WEI, M. ; WENG, T. :  
Occupancy-driven Energy Management for Smart Building Automation.  
In: *Proceedings of the 2nd Workshop on Embedded Sensing Systems for Energy-Efficiency in Building (BuildSys '10)*, 2010, S. 1–6
- [2] CHOI, J. ; CHER, C.-Y. ; FRANKE, H. ; HAMANN, H. ; WEGER, A. ; BOSE, P. :  
Thermal-aware Task Scheduling at the System Software Level.  
In: *Proceedings of the 2007 International Symposium on Low Power Electronics and Design (ISLPED'07)*, 2007, S. 213–218
- [3] DAWSON-HAGGERTY, S. ; KRIOUKOV, A. ; TANEJA, J. ; KARANDIKAR, S. ; FIERRO, G. ; KITAEV, N. ; CULLER, D. :  
BOSS: Building Operating System Services.  
In: *Proceedings of the 10th USENIX Conference on Networked Systems Design and Implementation (NSDI '13)*, 2013, S. 443–458
- [4] HÖNIG, T. ; EIBEL, C. ; WAGENHÄUSER, A. ; WAGNER, M. ;  
SCHRÖDER-PREIKSCHAT, W. :  
How to make profit: Exploiting fluctuating electricity prices with Albatross, a runtime system for heterogeneous HPC clusters.  
In: *Proceedings of the 8th International Workshop on Runtime and Operating Systems for Supercomputers (ROSS'18)* ACM, 2018, S. 1–8



## Reference List II

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- [5] MOORE, J. ; CHASE, J. ; RANGANATHAN, P. ; SHARMA, R. :  
Making Scheduling "Cool": Temperature-aware Workload Placement in Data  
Centers.  
In: *Proceedings of the USENIX Annual Technical Conference (ATC '05)*, 2005, S.  
61–75

